≤5



CA1607UV

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

CA1607UV provides the following product characteristics:

Technology	Cyanoacrylate/UV		
Chemical Type	Ethyl cyanoacrylate with photoinitiator		
Appearance	Transparent, light yellow-green to dark blue-green liquid ^{MS}		
Fluorescence	Positive under UV light ^{LMS}		
Components	One part - requires no mixing		
Viscosity	Medium		
Cure	Ultraviolet (UV)/ visible light		
Secondary Cure	Humidity		
Application	Bonding		
Key Substrates	Plastics, Rubbers and Metals		

CA1607UV is designed for bonding applications that require very

rapid fixturing, fillet cure or surface cure. The UV light cure properties facilitate rapid curing of exposed surface

areas thereby minimizing blooming and providing an alternative to solvent borne accelerators. Suitable for use in the areas assembly of disposable medical devices.

ISO-10993

An ISO 10993 Test Protocol is an integral part of the Quality Programfor 1607. 1607 has been qualified to ISO 10993 Protocol as a means to assist in the selection of products for use in the medical device industry.

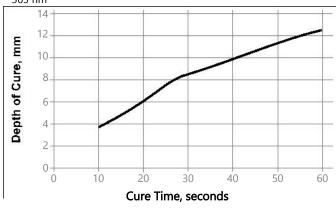
TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C		1.06
Flash Point - See MSDS		
Viscosity, Cone & Plate, mPa·s (cP):		
Temperature: 25 °C, Shear Rate: 100 s	-1	600 to 1,200

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE Primary Cure Mechanism, UV

Depth of Cure:

Electrodeless, D bulb, 100 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm



Tack Free Time / Surface Cure

Tack Free Time is the time in seconds required to achieve a tack free surface UV/Visible Light Sources: Electrodeless, H bulb: 30 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm ≤10 Zeta® 7400: LMS 30 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm ≤5 Electrodeless, D bulb:

100 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm

Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The table below shows the fixture time achieved on different materials at 22 °C / 50 % relative humidity. This is defined as the time to develop a shear strength of 0.1 N/mm². Fixture time measurements relate to non-UV cure.

Fixture Time, seconds:	
ABS	5 to 10
Aluminum (grit blasted)	5 to 10
Neoprene	5 to 10
Phenolic	30 to 45
Polycarbonate	45 to 65
Polyethylene	>300
Polyethylene (Primer 770)	20 to 30
Polypropylene	>300
Polypropylene (Primer 770)	5 to 10
PVC	45 to 60
Steel (grit blasted)	10 to 20

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL

Cured @ 100 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm, for 30 seconds per side using an Electrodless system, D bulb

Physical Properties: Coefficient of Thermal Expansion,

ISO 11359-2, K :	
Pre Tg -1	87×10
Glass Transition Temperature, ASTM E 228, °C	114
Shore Hardness, ISO 868, Durometer D	82
Linear Shrinkage, %	15
Water Absorption, ISO 62, %:	
2 hours in boiling water	2.6
7 days in water @ 22 °C	1.2
Elongation, at break, ISO 527-3, %	2.2
Tensile Strength, ISO 527-3 N/m	m² 33.4
(psi)	
	m² 1,813
(psi)	(263,000)

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

Cured @ 30 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm, for 10 seconds Block Shear Strength, ISO 13445:

Polyca	rbonate
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N/mm² ≥9.0^{LMS} (psi) (≥1,305)

Cured @ 100 mW/cm² , measured @ 365 nm, for 30 seconds Block Shear Strength, ISO 13445:

Acrylic to Glass	N/mm² (psi)	2.3 (320)
Acrylic to Acrylic	N/mm ²	```
	(psi)	(1,090)
G-10 Epoxy to Glass	N/mm²	3.2
	(psi)	(470)
Nylon to Glass	N/mm ²	1.6
	(psi)	(240)
Polybutylene Terephthalate to Glass	N/mm²	4.8
	(psi)	(690)
Polycarbonate to Polycarbonate	N/mm ²	14.2
	(psi)	(2,060)
PVC to Glass	N/mm ²	2.8
	(psi)	(410)
Aluminum (grit blasted) to Glass	N/mm ²	6.0
	(psi)	(870)
Steel (grit blasted) Glass	N/mm ²	10.2
	(psi)	(1,480)

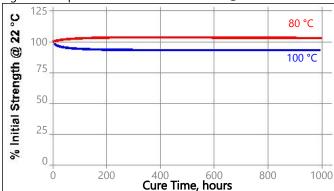
Cured @ 1,000 $\,mW/cm^2\,,~for~10~seconds~using~an$ Electrodeless system, D bulb

Needle Pullout Strength:

Material	22 Gauge Cannula	a 27 Gauge Cannula
ABS	N 178	N 9
	(lb) (40)	(lb) (2)
Acrylic	N 151	N 9
	(lb) (34)	(lb) (2)
Polycarbonate	N 116	N 9
	(lb) (26)	(lb) (2)
Polyethylene	N 4	N 4
	(lb) (1)	(lb) (1)
Polyethylene	N 98	N 22
(plasma treated)	(lb) (22)	(lb) (5)
Polypropylene	N 4	N 4
	(lb) (1)	(lb) (1)
Polypropylene	N 18	N 13
(plasma treated)	(lb) (4)	(lb) (3)
Polystyrene	N 89	N 9
	(lb) (20)	(lb) (2)
Polyurethane	N 147	N 27
	(lb) (33)	(lb) (6)

TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

Cured @ 30 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm, for 10 seconds Block Shear Strength, ISO 13445: Polycarbonate Heat Aging Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

3	0	% of initial strength			
Environment	°C	24 h	100 h	500 h	1000 h
Water	22		140	115	110
95% RH	40		115	100	100
Heptane	22	105			
Isopropanol	22	110			

Thermal Stability of Needle Assemblies

Aged @ 60°C and tested @ 22 °C

Needle Pullout Strength, % of initial strength	4 weeks	8 weeks:
Polycarbonate:		
22 Gauge Cannula	40	35
27 Gauge Cannula	100	100
Polypropylene (plasma treated):		
22 Gauge Cannula	200	125
27 Gauge Cannula	200	165
Polystyrene:		
22 Gauge Cannula	125	70
27 Gauge Cannula	50	100

Sterilization Resistance of Needle Assemblies

Sterilized as indicated and tested @ 22 °C

Needle Pullout Strength, % of initial strength:

recare r anour on ongan, so or minar screngtin					
	Gamma	ETO	Autoclave		
	30kGy	1 Cycle	1 Cycle	5 Cycles	
Polycarbonate:					
22 Gauge Cannula	120	90	25	20	
27 Gauge Cannula	50	200	100	100	
Polypropylene (plasma	a treated):				
22 Gauge Cannula	75	75	75	75	
27 Gauge Cannula	50	100	65	65	
Polystyrene:					
22 Gauge Cannula	75	135	N/A	N/A	
27 Gauge Cannula	50	100	N/A	N/A	

N/A = Not available. The polystyrene was not compatabile with the autoclave sterilization process.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

Directions for use:

- 1. This product is light sensitive; exposure to daylight, UV light and artificial lighting should be kept to a minimum during storage and handling.
- 2. For best performance bond surfaces should be clean and free from grease.
- 3. Excess adhesive can be dissolved with Loctite cleanup solvents, nitromethane or acetone.

Material Specification

Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Longain Quality.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 2 °C to 8 °C. Storage below 2 °C or greater than 8 °C can adversely affect product properties. Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Longain Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

 $(^{\circ}C x 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}F kV/mm x 25.4 = V/mil mm / 25.4 = inches$ $\mum / 25.4 = mil N x 0.225 = lb N/mm x 5.71 = lb/in N/mm² x 145 = psi MPa x 145 = psi MPa x 145 = psi N·m x 8.851 = lb·in N·m x 0.738 = lb·ft N·mm x 0.738 = lb·ft N·mm x 0.142 = oz·in mPa·s = cP$

Note

The data contained herein are furnished for information only and are believed to be reliable. We cannot assume responsibility for the results obtained by others over whose methods we have no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability for the user's purpose of any production methods mentioned herein and to adopt such precautions as may be advisable for the protection of property and of persons against any hazards that may be involved in the handling and use thereof. In light of the foregoing, Longain Corporation specifically disclaims all warranties expressed or implied, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, arising from sale or use of Longain Corporation's products. Longain Corporation specifically disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits. The discussion herein of various processes or compositions is not to be interpreted as representation that they are free from domination of patents owned by others or as a license under any Longain Corporation patents that may cover such processes or compositions. We recommend that each prospective user test his proposed application before repetitive use, using this data as a guide. This product may be covered by one or more United States or foreign patents or patent applications.